



**Introducing
Our Shanghai Member –
Shanghai Diacron CPA Co.
Ltd.**



ABOUT SHANGHAI DIACRON CPA CO. LTD.

FIRM'S HISTORY ON THE ESTABLISHMENT

Founded in 2010, Shanghai Diacron CPA is a medium-sized accounting firm with distinctive characteristics. The company has a number of senior professionals such as Certified Tax Accountant (CTA), Chartered Certified Public Accountant (ACCA) and Certified Internal Auditor (CIA), and provides financial and tax consulting and auditing for domestic and foreign clients. Professional services such as services, listing counseling, mergers and acquisitions, and accounting. Diacron CPA focuses on building a learning organization, combined with the ever-changing innovative corporate culture and entrepreneurial spirit.



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SERVICES PROVIDED

Audit and Assurance Services | Due Diligence | Financial Consultant| Agency Accounting |
Tax Service | M & A Restructuring | Management Consulting | Listing Consultation |
Corporate Financing | Risk Management & Internal Control | Establishment of a Company |
Cross Border & Overseas Professional Services |

About Shanghai, China

Shanghai, which is also known as “Above/Upon the Sea,” which alludes to the city’s location along the Yangtze River Delta near the South China Sea. The city is one of the four municipalities under the direct administration of the central government of the People's Republic of China, the largest city in China by population, and the second most populous city proper in the world. Shanghai serves as the largest base of Chinese industrial technology, one of the most important seaports and China's largest commercial and financial center, Shanghai draws the attention of the whole world. The city has been described as the "showpiece" of the booming economy of mainland China; renowned for its Lujiazui skyline, and museums and historic buildings.



Why Do Business in Shanghai?

Easy Access to Natural Resources

Shanghai has easy access to high quality of "secondary energy" production; the main products are electricity, oil, oil products, coal and gas (including liquefied petroleum gas). Shanghai also has easy access to development of energy and biogas, wind energy, tidal and solar power. Shanghai is a neighbor to East China Sea, which is rich in fishery resources, according to statistics, there are various fish of 108, economic fish over more than 20 of them in Shanghai. Moreover, Shanghai gets to enjoy natural lakes rivers, abundant of snails and oyster are span on the river bottom, it provides a good condition for freshwater aquaculture as its located is in the mouth of Yangtze River, the River is wide and intersection of sea and fresh water.



Best Infrastructure



The world's busiest container port, located in Shanghai, provides logistic opportunities to many manufacturers. Transport and telecommunications networks are deemed to be the most efficient in the country. Shanghai Port has developed around 16 international container liner routes; the container shipping number has reached to 1,967 per month, of which 942 are international ships. International

Ocean Routes: the ships from Shanghai port will be arrival in Hong Kong, Taiwan, Korea, Japan, Asia Countries, Australia, Israel and the Eastern Mediterranean, North West Europe, South Africa, South America, and West Coast of United States. Coastal Route: Can be reach to the major ports along the coast in the city from North; Yangtze River Route: can reach the river ports of middle and downstream of Yangtze River. River Trade Routes: Can be reach to the river ports of eastern part of coastal cities by Jiangnan water network.

Most Progressive Global Cities

Shanghai is becoming one of the most progressive global cities in economic opportunity. That drives people want to create and do business in Shanghai. Shanghai continuously attracted foreign investment projects. This is due to the fact that China has made it easier for foreign investors to do business there through the 2013 launch of the Shanghai Free Trade Zone, backed by Chinese Premier Li Keqiang. It is one of the first free trade zones in mainland China, and it covers some 46 square miles. Incentives gained through trade zones such as the one in Shanghai make it easier to grow and expand there. Special economic zones (SEZs) were established in Shenzhen, Xiamen, Shantou and Zhuhai. Most benefits are in the form of a tax benefit, including value added tax, customs and income tax benefits in putting the emphasis on an investment in a Special Economic Zone (SEZ) or in special sectors and areas.



Best City for Foreign Investment in China

One of the world's biggest mega-cities, Shanghai ranks as the best city for foreign investment in China according to a report released in August by FDI Intelligence, a subsidiary of the Financial Times. Three major Chinese provinces, namely Shanghai, Beijing and Guangdong, stand out for their economic potential and the ease of doing business. In this study, a total of 31 Chinese cities were assessed on their economic potential, human capital and lifestyle, cost-effectiveness, connectivity and business-friendliness.

1	Singapore
2	Tokyo
3	Hong Kong
4	Seoul
5	Shanghai
6	Taipei
7	Beijing
8	Sydney
9	Osaka
10	Kuala Lumpur

Source: FDI Intelligence

Geographical Location



Shanghai is situated at 31°14' north latitude and 121°29' east longitude. It is in the east of Yangtze River Delta, also assumes the central location along China's coastal line. The city has a total area of 6,340.5 square kilometers. In the 16th century, Shanghai became the national center of textile & handicraft industry. By the mid-19th century, Shanghai has become a major trading port, China's largest industrial city and the Financial Center in the Far East. With its ever-increasing dynamism, Shanghai has become one of the most

important economic hubs of the country.

Large Market, Large Potential

With a population of over 1.38 billion people, China is the most populous country in the world. Since China began experimenting with capitalism in 1978, China's GDP has grown for three decades. Currently, China's purchasing power is ranked second in the world after the United States. Income distribution in China is highly uneven and that the Chinese tend to save for big ticket items such as cars and electronics. Chinese consumers are getting richer and have more discretionary spending year after year. Moreover, China has a huge appetite for all sorts of western goods.

